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From Thursday May 3. to Monday May 7. 1705.

By the QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION.

ANNE R.

WHereas it has been Repreſented to Us, That not only many Inconveniencies have already happened, but that the like may hereafter attend the Trade of Our Subjects, not only in their Outward but Homeward-bound Voyages, for want of neceſſary Inſtructions and Signals to be Obſerved by the Captains of Our Ships of War, which ſhall have Merchant-Ships and Veſſels under their Convoy, as well as by the reſpective Maſters of thoſe Ships and Veſſels: And whereas there has been prepared and laid before Us, by Our moſt Dear Conſort Prince George *of* Denmark, *Our High Admiral of* England, *a Draught of ſuch Inſtructions and Signals as may be proper on this Occaſion: We therefore, out of Our Princely Care and Compaſſion of all Our Loving Subjects Trading by Sea, and for their better Protection and Security, have Thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy-Council, to Iſſue out this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby ſtrictly Charging and Requiring all Maſters of Merchant-Ships and Veſſels belonging to Our Subjects, not only to Furniſh themſelves, from time to time, with the ſaid Inſtructions and Signals from the Commander in Chief of the Convoy, under whoſe Care they may be, for which Purpoſe the ſame ſhall be Printed and Tranſmitted to them, but alſo to take particular Care to Comply with every part of the ſaid Inſtructions, which are Calculated on Purpoſe for the Safety and Security of them and their Ships, and the Merchants Effects on board them.*

Given at Our Court at *St. James's* the Third Day of *May*, in the Fourth Year of Our Reign, *Annoq; Dom.* 1705.

GOD Save the QUEEN.

Turin, April 20. *N. S.* There being Advice, That the Enemy are making Preparations to attack this Place, Orders are given for all the Inhabitants to furniſh themſelves with Corn and other Proviſions for Six Months; and all poſſible care and diligence are uſed to put this Gariſon into a good Poſture of Defence The Enemy's Forces on this ſide continue very quiet in their Quarters. Several Deſerters are come over from them, who report, That the Duke of Vendoſme is gone towards Mantua, and has been followed by ſeveral Battalions, his Deſign being to join the Grand Prior his Brother, to endeavour to poſſeſs himſelf of Mirandola, and afterwards to oppoſe the Forces which are coming from Germany under the Command of Prince Eugene.

Gracow, April 26. A Detachment of the Swediſh Troops is lately come into this City; and it is ſaid, that more of their Forces are to joyn them near this Place. The Sieur Potocki is ſaid to have formed a conſiderable Party among the Confederated Forces, and to be advancing this way, with intent to declare for the new elected King Staniſlaus; but that General Schuylenbourg is marching with a Body of Saxon Troops and the reſt of the Confederated Forces to attack him. The Muſcovites continue to draw a powerful Army together on the Borders of Lithuania.

Vienna, April 29. The Emperor, ſince our laſt, is better, and there are greater hopes of his Recovery. A conſiderable Number of Pieces of Cannon, of different ſizes, have lately been brought hither from Munich, and are laid up in our Arſenal. The new raiſed Regiment of Dragoons commanded by Major-General Feltz was reviewed yeſterday by the King of the Romans, and will march away forthwith to Hungary. General Heiſter, who came ſome Days ago to give this Court an Account of the Poſture of Affairs on that ſide, is upon his return thither. Letters from thence ſay, That the Malecontents have lately poſſeſſed themſelves of a Fort near Fedwar; after which 13000 of them paſſed the Danube, who threaten to make an Incurſion into Auſtria; but that a Detachment of Imperial Horſe and Foot was marching towards Fedwar to endeavour to retake that Fort. Another Body of the Malecontents is advanced towards the River Mark. Count Caroli, one of their Chiefs, is come with his Followers to Newhauſel, and is fortifying that Place. A Perſon who is come from Conſtantinople in 30 Days gives an Account, That ſome of the Grand Signior's chief Officers had conſpired to depoſe or aſſaſſinate him; but that he had diſcovered it, and cauſed them to be put to death; which probably gave occaſion to the Report we lately had of a new Revolution there: He adds, That the Porte ſtill appears reſolved to maintain the Treaty of Carlowitz; and that the Turks are repairing and augmenting the Fortifications of Temeſwaer.

Berlin, May 5. The Prince Royal of Pruſſia went the 3d Inſtant to Kepnick, to review the Battalion of Holſtein, which paſſed by there that day, marching from Pruſſia towards the Moſelle, where it is expected they will be by the end of this Month. The Battalion of young Count Dhona, which is marching the ſame way, with the Train of Artillery, paſſed yeſterday by Spandow; and the King, with the Principal Officers of his Court, went thither to review it. Monſieur Roſenhahn the Swediſh Ambaſſador's Entry is fixed for the 8th Inſtant. The Houſe of Ambaſſadors is fitted up for his Reception, where he is to be entertained 3 days at the King's Charge, and afterwards to have his publick Audience.

Landau, May 5. General Thungen and the Count de Friſe are come to Lauterbourg, where the Imperial Army is drawing together. The Regiment of Huſſars of Collonitz is ordered to march towards Hornbach, and to take with them Proviſions and Forage for ſeveral Days; and it is ſaid, that more Forces are to follow, with intent to make an Attempt upon the Enemy's Lines, which are ſaid to be guarded only by 13 Battalions, moſt of them Militia. A Train of Artillery has lately been ſent from hence to Lauterbourg. The Proviſions which had been got together in order